

(e) Write the objectives of Defence Policy of India.

(f) What is the scope of Indian Knowledge System?

(g) Distinguish between Muddati Hundis and Darshani Hundis.

(h) Write about the unique aspects of Indian Knowledge System.

(i) What are the frameworks for establishing Valid knowledge?

(j) Write a brief note on the Innovation and Start-up Policy.

4. Answer **any two** questions : 10×2=20

(a) What are the contributions of Indian Knowledge System to the world? Explain.

(b) What is knowledge management? Discuss the types of knowledge management. 4+6=10

(c) Discuss the functions and workings of indigenous bankers in India.

(d) Discuss the Kautilya's theory of state.

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63 (FY)SEM-1/VAC/COMVAC1014

2024

COMMERCE

Paper : COMVAC1014

(Indian Knowledge System)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Choose the correct option from the following questions : 1×10=10

(a) In which year, AICTE was set up as a Statutory Body by an Act of Parliament?

(i) 1986

(ii) 1987

(iii) 1988

(iv) 1989

(b) NEP-2020 lays particular emphasis on the development of _____.

(Fill in the blank)

- (i) the best infrastructure in the world
- (ii) the provision to give 100 employment
- (iii) the provision to give free education
- (iv) the creative potential of each individual

(c) Who was the Father of Public Administration ?

- (i) Frederick Pollock
- (ii) Thomas Woodrow Wilson
- (iii) Pluto
- (iv) Aristotle

(d) Which of the following Governance Model is most aligned with the principles of participatory democracy and decentralisation ?

- (i) Authoritarian Governance
- (ii) Totalitarian Governance
- (iii) Pluralistic Governance
- (iv) Oligarchic Governance

(e) Which one of the following is not a banking function of indigenous bankers ?

- (i) Accepting deposits
- (ii) Advancing loans
- (iii) Retail trade business
- (iv) Discounting Hundis

(f) What is the guiding light for the NEP-2020 ?

- (i) Rich resources of ancient and modern India
- (ii) Rich heritage of Indian Classical music and art
- (iii) Rich heritage of ancient and eternal Indian knowledge
- (iv) Rich heritage of Indian sufi tradition

(g) Which of the following is the feature of Good governance ?

- (i) Accountability
- (ii) Conservation
- (iii) Rigidity
- (iv) Transparency

(h) Who was the Chief Architect of Indian Policy?

- (i) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (ii) Indira Gandhi
- (iii) Rajib Gandhi
- (iv) Abdul Kalam

(i) Which one of the following is the first indigenous bank in India?

- (i) Reserve Bank of India
- (ii) State Bank of India
- (iii) Punjab National Bank
- (iv) The Bank of Hindusthan

(j) Who was the author of the book 'Arthashastra'?

- (i) Aristotle
- (ii) Machiavelli
- (iii) J. S. Mill
- (iv) Kautilya

2. Answer the following questions : (any five)
2×5=10

- (a) What is knowledge triangle?
- (b) What do you mean by Public Administration?
- (c) What is the current status of Indian Knowledge System?
- (d) What do you mean by Hundis?
- (e) What is the full form of POSDCORB?
- (f) In which approach should Indian Knowledge System be studied?
- (g) What do you understand by 'Dastavez'?

3. Answer any six of the following questions :
5×6=30

- (a) Briefly discuss the Kautilya's 'Arthashastra' in relevance to governance and administration.
- (b) What are the features of the ancient Indian Knowledge System?
- (c) Write about the relevance of Vidura Niti.
- (d) Write a short note of Promissory Note.