

4. Answer **any three** of the following questions : $10 \times 3 = 30$

- (i) Explain the basic types of research.
- (ii) Elaborately explain the concept of 'unit of analysis'.
- (iii) Explain various steps in research process.
- (iv) Describe the techniques of defining a research problem.
- (v) What is a longitudinal study? Explain its advantages and disadvantages. $2 + (4 + 4) = 10$
- (vi) What is Likert scale? Explain its advantages and limitations. $2 + (4 + 4) = 10$
- (vii) Explain the meaning of secondary data. Mention various sources of secondary data. What precautions should the researcher take before using secondary data? $2 + 4 + 4 = 10$
- (viii) Explain the reasons why sampling is used in the context of research studies.

Total number of printed pages-4

4 (Sem-6/CBCS) HE 6 (BRMPW)
2022

COMMERCE

(Honours Elective)

Paper : COM-HE-6066

**(Business Research Methods
and Project Work)**

Full Marks : 50

Time : Two hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer **any four** of the following as directed : $1 \times 4 = 4$

- (i) A complete enumeration of all the items in the 'population' is known as a _____ survey.
[Fill in the blank with appropriate word/ words]
- (ii) Research methodology is a way to systematically solve the research problem.
[State whether the statement is true or false]

(iii) Review of literature is the last step in the research process.

[State whether the statement is true or false]

(iv) The _____ hypothesis is generally symbolized as H_0 .

[Fill in the blank with appropriate word/ words]

(v) The first step in any research process is _____

[Fill in the blank with appropriate word/ words]

(vi) _____ errors are absent in a census survey.

[Fill in the blank with appropriate word/ words]

(vii) Primary data are those data which have already been collected and analysed by someone else.

[State whether the statement is true or false]

(viii) _____ is the process of obtaining information about an entire population by examining only a part of it.

[Fill in the blank with appropriate word/ words]

2. Answer **any three** of the following questions : $2 \times 3 = 6$

(i) Briefly explain the meaning of research.

(ii) Mention *any two* objectives of research.

(iii) Briefly explain the meaning of research design.

(iv) What is the meaning of 'field survey' ?

(v) Write the meaning of semantic differential scale.

(vi) Briefly explain the meaning of sampling.

3. Answer **any two** questions : $5 \times 2 = 10$

(i) Write a note on the scope of business research.

(ii) Briefly explain the qualities of a good research.

(iii) Briefly explain various components of a research problem.

(iv) Write a note on survey method of research.

(v) Explain the meaning of multi-dimensional scales.

(vi) Write a note on ANOVA.